



Georgia-Pacific Corporation

U.S.E.P.A.

REGION 4

Suite 200
2310 Parklake Drive, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia 30345
Telephone (404) 491-1244

JUL 2 1979

Letter Postmarked 6/29/79
D. Harvey

June 29, 1979

Mr. Clyde Eller
Enforcement Division Director
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region IX
215 Freemont Street
San Francisco, CA 94105

Subject: Georgia-Pacific Corporation
Fort Bragg Boiler

Dear Mr. Eller:

Georgia-Pacific wishes to apply to EPA for a New Source Review Approval to Construct under Section 40 CFR 52.233 (g) for construction of a hog fuel boiler at the Georgia-Pacific facility in Fort Bragg, California. Norwest-Pacific Corporation has acted on our behalf as designers of the boiler to obtain the necessary permits needed for construction. Please consider information submitted by them to the County of Mendiceno and directly to Mr. Don Harvey of the EPA as a part of this permit application.

As part of this application, Georgia-Pacific certifies that all major sources owned and operated by them in California are in compliance with all applicable emission limitations and standards under the Clean Air Act.

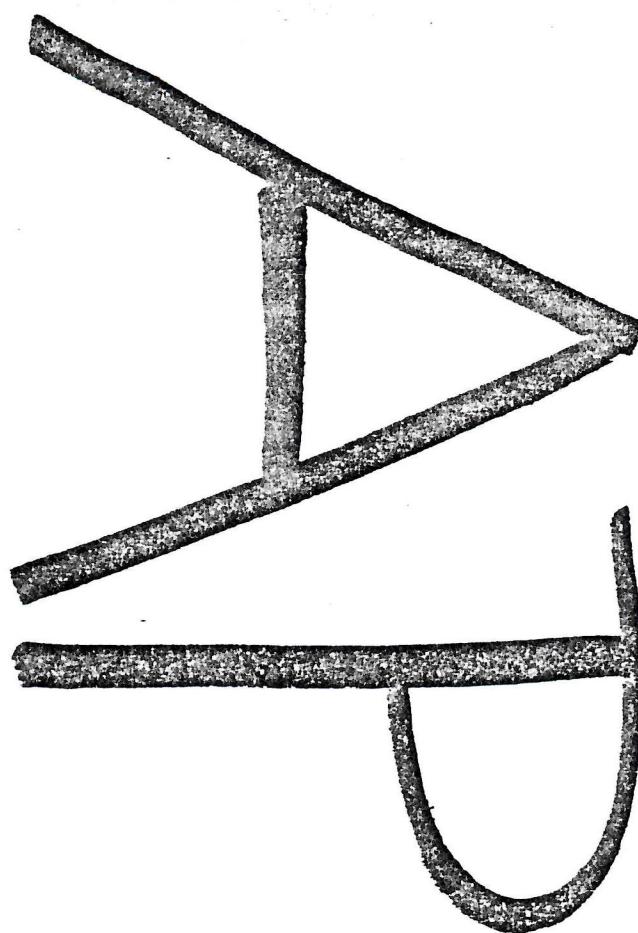
If you have any questions regarding this submission, please contact me at (404) 491-6550.

Sincerely,

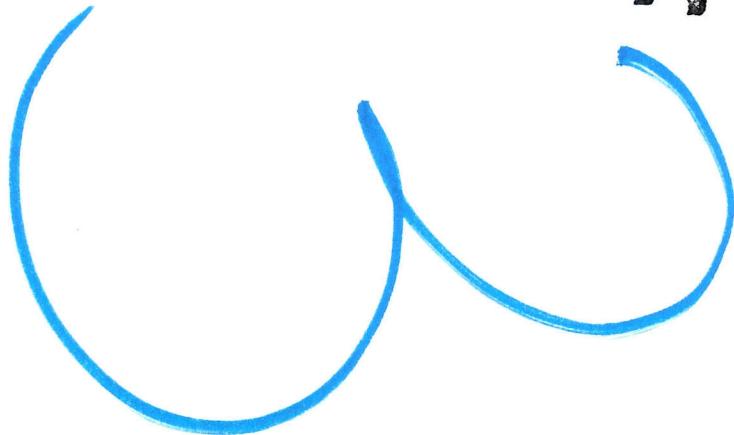
VJ Tretter Jr.

V. J. Tretter, Jr.
Chief Engineer, Energy & Environment

VJT/jl



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RECEIVED Reply to: Seattle
PLA. REGION IX

NWPC

NOR'WEST-PACIFIC CORPORATION

DEC 31 11 09 AM '79

NSR 4-4-1
NC 79-07

December 28, 1979

Environmental Protection Agency
Region IX
215 Fremont Street
San Francisco, California 94105

NWPC 2678

Subject: New Hog-fuel Boiler, Air Pollution Discharge
Permit for Georgia-Pacific Corp., Ft. Bragg, California

Attention: Mr. Don Harvey, Mr. Ray Sied

Ref: Our letter of December 14, 1979

Gentlemen:

We have just received some data verifying performance of a pollution control system similar to the one we would like to employ at the subject project. We are forwarding this information with the stipulation given to us by Mead Paperboard that it not be used for any other purpose than to qualify a similar application (G.P. Ft. Bragg) in the State of California.

This report shows that under stable conditions (Test #3) that this wood fired boiler produced .015 gr/DSCF at about a 156,100 pph steaming rate with load swings between 150,000 and 160,000 pph during the test. The average of two startup condition tests and the one stable condition test was .031 gr/DSCF at 50% excess air. Twelve percent CO₂ is about 58% excess air so that would reduce the concentration to about .0294 gr/DSCF.

Please expedite approval of this application for permit and call if you question any data sent to you.

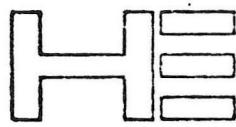
Very truly yours,

Norm Waggoner
NORMAN E. WAGGONER

NEW/fp

Enclosure: Mead Paperboard Test Data

HARMON
ENGINEERING AND TESTING
SCIENTISTS ■ ENGINEERS ■ SURVEYORS
AUBURN INDUSTRIAL PARK/AUBURN, ALA. 36830/(205) 821-9250



54779-01

PARTICULATE EMISSION RATE STUDY
ON A WASTE FUEL-FIRED BOILER'S VENTURI
SCRUBBER POLLUTION CONTROL SYSTEM

Prepared For:

MEAD PAPERBOARD
P. O. BOX H
STEVENSON, ALABAMA 35722

SEPTEMBER 1979

54779-01

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Prepared By

HARMON ENGINEERING & TESTING
AUBURN INDUSTRIAL PARK
AUBURN, ALABAMA 36830

Approved for Transmittal _____

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INTRODUCTION

The waste fuel boiler at the Mead Paperboard mill, located in Stevenson, Alabama, was tested for particulate emissions on October 4 and 5, 1979. The waste fuel boiler was tested for compliance with the new source performance standards as specified in the Federal Register.

The field testing was conducted by Mr. Wayne Daughtry and Mr. Benny Andrews of Harmon Engineering and Testing. Messrs. Jerry Akins and Marvin Gregory represented Mead during the testing. Mr. John Hughes of the Alabama Air Pollution Commission observed the first run.

RESULTS

Table 1 summarizes the results of the particulate emission testing. The average of the particulate concentrations are within the allowable limits specified for the new source performance standards. All supporting data is contained in the appendices.

Appendix I lists all the abbreviations and formulae used in the particulate calculations, which are also included within the appendix. Appendix II contains copies of the field data sheets used. The laboratory data sheet and chain of custody sheets are included in Appendix III. Copies of calibration data are contained in Appendix IV. The waste fuel boilers operating data is included in Appendix V.

PARTICULATE EMISSION TEST RESULTS

PARAMETER	TEST NUMBER 1	TEST NUMBER 2	TEST NUMBER 3	AVERAGE
Date	10/4/79	10/4/79	10/5/79	--
Time Begin	10:14	16:52	9:28	--
Time End	12:57	19:15	12:03	--
Net Time of Test, Minutes	120	120	120	--
Volume of Gas Sampled @ STP, Cubic Feet	57.4	51.5	56.2	55.0
Stack Gas Temperature, °F	145	147	140	144
Stack Gas Moisture Content, % (Volume)	16	17	14	16
Stack Gas Velocity, Feet per Second	33	28	31	31
Stack Gas Flow Rate @ Stack Conditions, Cubic Feet per Minute	98,300	85,500	94,700	92,800
Stack Gas Flow Rate @ STP, Cubic Feet per Minute	71,200	61,500	71,900	68,200
Isokinetic Sampling Rate, %	.96	100	93	96
Particulate Concentration @ STP, Grains per Cubic Foot *	0.042	0.036	0.015	0.031
Particulate Emission Rate, Pounds per Hour	23.7	17.5	9.5	17.0
Particulate Emission Rate, Pounds/ 10^6 BTU	--	--	--	--
Oil Burning Rate X 10 ⁶ BTU/Hour	--	--	--	--
Allowable Particulate Emission Rate *	--	--	--	0.0375

STP (STANDARD CONDITION): Dry 68°F, 29.92" Hg

* Corrected to 50% excess air

PROCESS DESCRIPTION & OPERATION

A schematic diagram of the waste boiler and pollution control system tested is shown in Figure 1. The boiler was burning waste wood products and operating at normal conditions during the testing.

Test run number 1 was conducted as the boiler was being brought up to load, test number 2 was conducted after it was down for several hours to make adjustments to a faulty feed conveyor. Test number 3 was conducted the following day with boiler condition stable and no problems were encountered.

The operating data in Appendix V was supplied by Mr. Marvin Gregory of Mead. Mr. Gregory collected and recorded all operating parameters through the testing.

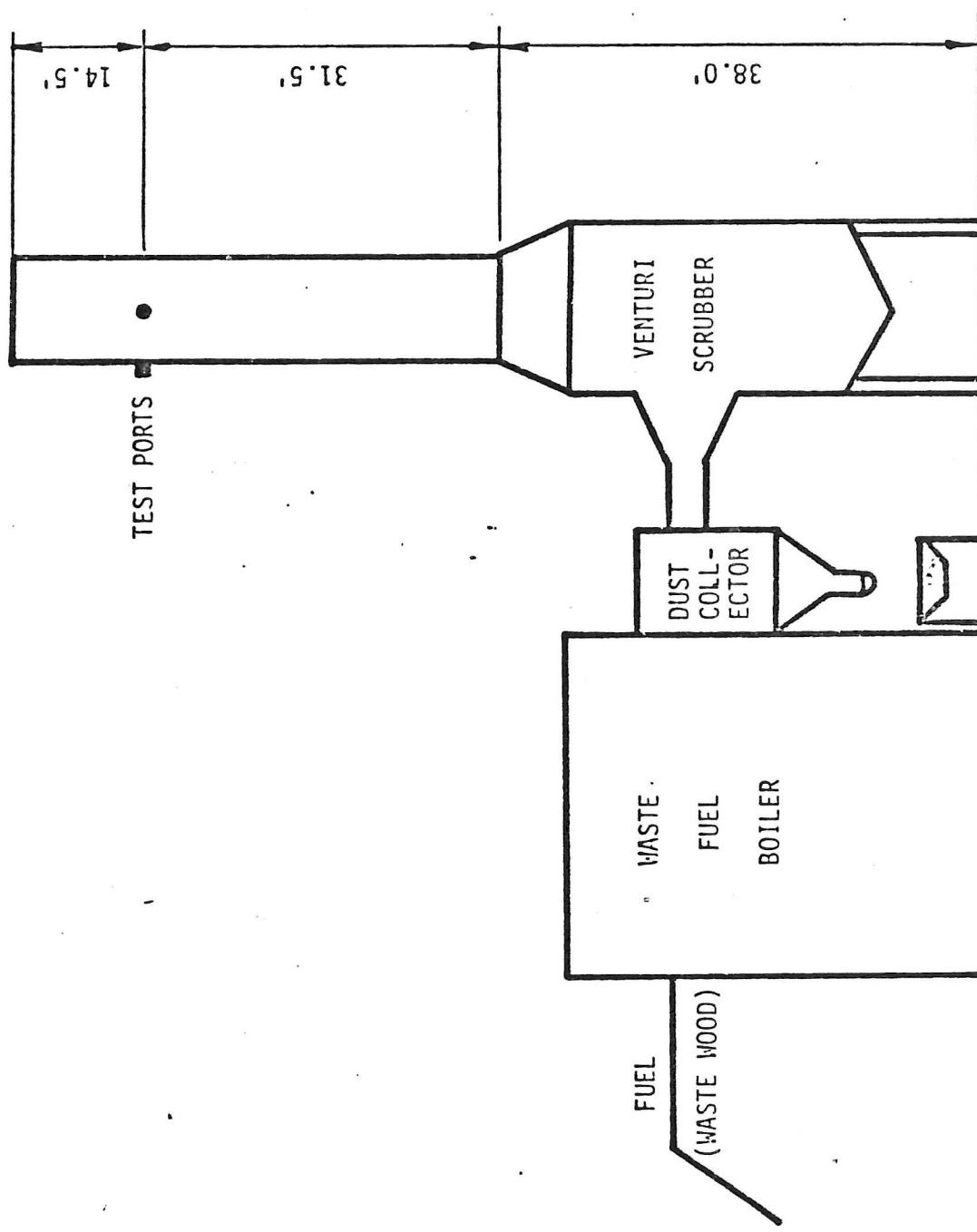


FIGURE 1: SCHEMATIC DRAWING OF WASTE WOOD BOILER

SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

Test methods published in the Federal Register, (Vol. 42, Thursday, August 18, 1977) were used as guidelines in the performance of this emission study. EPA Method Numbers 1 - 5 were used to obtain the required data.

The sampling traverse points were selected in accordance with EPA Method No. 2, so that a representative sample was extracted from the source gas stream. A total of forty (40) traverse points were sampled (2 ports, 20 points each).

The velocity of the gas stream was determined according to EPA Method No. 2 by measuring the velocity head at each traverse point with a calibrated S-type pitot and inclined manometer. The stack gas pressure was measured with the static pressure side of a standard pitot tube. The temperature of the gas stream was measured with a calibrated Pyrometer.

The gas density was determined by using the grab method as specified in EPA Reference Method 3. Gas Analyses were performed using Orsat. The primary moisture content was determined by previous test data. The final moisture content used for calculating gas stream flow rates and emission rates was determined by measuring the volume of condensed moisture in the sample impinger.

The particulate emission testing was conducted using EPA Method No. 5. Appendix VI summarizes the method and shows a sketch of the train used. A S-type pitot tube was connected adjacent to the sample nozzle so that an instantaneous velocity head was determined at each traverse point during each test run. The stack temperature was also obtained at each traverse point. An isokinetic calculator was used to calculate the isokinetic sampling rate for each traverse point during each test run.

APPENDIX I

ABBREVIATIONS, FORMULAE AND CALCULATIONS

FORMULAE USED FOR CALCULATIONS

V_{WSTD}	$(4.71 \times 10^{-2}) (VLC)$	$ACFM$	= Actual cubic feet per minute
V_{MSTD}	$(\frac{17.65}{T_H}) (VM) (MCF) (PB + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6})$	AN	= Cross-sectional area of nozzle, ft ²
VT	$(V_{MSTD}) + (V_{MSTD})$	AS	= Area of stack, ft ²
BWS	(V_{MSTD})	BWS	= Water vapor in the gas stream, proportion by volume (dimensionless)
FDA	$1 - (BWS)$	CP	= Pitot tube coefficient (dimensionless)
HD	$0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$	CS	= Particulate concentration, grains/SDCF
PS	$(HD) (FDA) + 18 (BWS)$	$C50$	= Particulate concentration (CS adjusted to 12% CO ₂), grains/SDCF
GS	$\frac{(HS)}{29.0}$	EA	= Excess air, %
EA	$0.264 (\frac{\%O_2}{T_H}) - \frac{0.5 (\%CO)}{(\%O_2)^2} + 0.5 (\%CO)$	FDA	= Fraction of dry air (1 - BWS)
VS	$85.5 (CP) (\sqrt{AP})_{ave} \sqrt{\frac{TS}{MS(PS)}}$	$\%I$	= Percent of isokinetic sampling
QA	$60 (AS) (VS)$	MCF	= Dry gas meter correction factor, dimensionless
QS	$(\frac{17.65}{15}) (QA) (FDA) (PS)$	$GRAMS$	= Total amount of particulate matter collected, mg
VI	$2.67 \times 10^{-3} \frac{(VLC)}{(PS)} \frac{(TS)}{(PS)} + \left\{ \frac{VH}{T_H} \right\} (PB + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6})$	ND	= Molecular weight of stack gas; dry basis, lb/lb-mole
CS	$15.4 \frac{(grams)}{(V_{MSTD})}$	HS	= Molecular weight of stack gas; wet basis 1lb/lb-mole
CA	$\frac{17.65 (CS) (TS) (FDA)}{TS}$	PB	= Barometric pressure at the sampling site, in. Hg
$C12$	$\frac{12 (CS)}{(\%CO_2)}$	PH	= Meter pressure, in. Hg
$C50$	$\frac{21 (CS)}{21 - 1.5 (\%O_2) + 0.133 (\%H_2) + 0.75 (\%CO)}$	PS	= Absolute stack pressure, in. Hg
PMR	$8.57 \times 10^{-3} (CS) (QS)$	PMR	= Particulate mass rate, lb/hr
		QA	= Volumetric flow rate, SDCFM
		SCF	= Standard cubic feet
		$SDCF$	= Standard dry cubic feet
		$SDCFM$	= Standard dry cubic feet per minute

ABBREVIATIONS

T_H	= Average temperature of meter, °R
TS	= Average temperature of stack, °R
VS	= Average stack gas velocity, ft/sec
VLC	= Total volume of liquid collected in impingers, and silica gel, ml
VI	= Volume of gas sample as measured by the dry gas meter, ACF
VHC	= Volume of gas sample, corrected for leak, ACF
V_{MSTD}	= Volume of gas sample measured by the dry gas meter, corrected to standard conditions, SDCFM
VT	= Volume of gas drawn through filter, corrected to SIP, SDCF
V_{WSTD}	= Volume of water vapor in the gas sample, corrected to standard conditions, SDCF
WH	= Volume collected at stack condition, through nozzle, ACF
ΔH	= Average pressure difference of orifice, in. H ₂ O
ΔP	= Velocity head of stack gas, in. H ₂ O
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	= Average of the square roots of the velocity pressure, in. H ₂ O
θ	= Total sampling time, minutes
$\%CO_2$, $\%O_2$, $\%N_2$, $\%CO$	= Number % by volume, dry basis from gas analysis
Standard Conditions	= 68° F. and 29.92 in. Hg

SOURCE TEST PARTICULATE CALCULATIONS

Plant Mead Date 10/4/79Stack Venturi Scrubber Time Began 10:14Time Ended 12:57

INPUT DATA		DATA
Run Number	RUN NO. =	VMSTD =
Sample Time (min)	TIME (MIN) =	10.826
Barometric Pressure (in Hg)	PB =	VMSTD =
Stack Pressure (in Hg)	PS =	57.370
Stack Area (ft^2)	STACK AREA =	VT =
C_p (dimensionless)	CP =	BWS =
Av. Stack Temperature ($^{\circ}\text{F}$)	TS =	FIR =
Av. Meter Temperature ($^{\circ}\text{F}$)	TM =	MD =
Av. sq. RT Pressure (in H_2O)	SQ RT P =	MS =
Av. ΔH (in H_2O)	H =	GS =
Meter Volume (ft^3)	VM =	EA =
MCF (dimensionless)	MCF =	VS =
Moisture Collected (ml)	VLC =	QA =
Nozzle Diameter (in)	NOZ DIA =	QS =
CO_2 (percent)	CO2 =	VN =
O_2 (percent)	O2 =	%I =
CO (percent)	CO =	CS =
Particulate weight (g)	GRAMS =	CA =
	0.1445	C12 =
		C50 =
		PMR =
		0.0315
		23.668

SOURCE TEST PARTICULATE CALCULATIONS

Plant Mead
 Stack Venturi Scrubber

Date 10/4/79
 Time Began 16:52
 Time Ended 19:15

INPUT DATA		DATA
Run Number	RUN NO. =	VWSTD =
Sample Time (min)	2.000	10.153
Barometric Pressure (in Hg)	TIME (MIN) =	VMSTD =
Stack Pressure (in Hg)	120.000	51.507
Stack Area (ft^2)	PB =	VT =
C_p (dimensionless)	29.600	61.660
Av. Stack Temperature ($^{\circ}\text{F}$)	PS =	BWS =
Av. Meter Temperature ($^{\circ}\text{F}$)	29.610	0.165
Av. sq. RT Pressure (in H_2O)	STACK AREA =	FIR =
Av. ΔH (in H_2O)	50.270	0.835
Meter Volume (ft^3)	CP =	MI =
MCF (dimensionless)	0.820	29.588
Moisture Collected (ml)	TS =	MS =
Nozzle Diameter (in)	146.500	27.680
CO_2 (percent)	TM =	GS =
O_2 (percent)	84.300	0.955
CO (percent)	SQ RT P =	EF =
Particulate weight (g)	0.470	52.5
	H =	VS =
	0.320	28.3
	VM =	QA =
	53.650	85437.2
	MCF =	QS =
	1.000	61523.9
	VLC =	VN =
	215.700	71.6
	NOZ DIA =	% =
	.0.254	99.7
	CD2 =	CS =
	7.800	0.033
	O2 =	CA =
	8.500	0.024
	CO =	C12 =
	0.000	0.051
	GRAMS =	CSO =
	0.111	0.036
		PNR =
		17.562

SOURCE TEST PARTICULATE CALCULATIONS

Plant Mead Date 10/5/79
 Stack Venturi Scrubber Time Began 9:28
 Time Ended 12:03

INPUT DATA		DATA
Run Number	RUN NO. =	VWSTD =
Sample Time (min)	3.000	9.037
Barometric Pressure (in Hg)	TIME (MIN) =	VMSTD =
Stack Pressure (in Hg)	120.000	56.216
Stack Area (ft ²)	PB =	VT =
C _p (dimensionless)	29.960	65.254
Av. Stack Temperature (°F)	PS =	BWS =
Av. Meter Temperature (°F)	STACK AREA =	FIA =
Av. sq. RT Pressure (in H ₂ O)	50.270	0.138
Av. ΔH (in H ₂ O)	CF =	0.862
Meter Volume (ft ³)	TS =	MI =
MCF (dimensionless)	140.000	29.632
Moisture Collected (ml)	TM =	MS =
Nozzle Diameter (in)	SQ RT P =	28.021
CO ₂ (percent)	0.530	GS =
O ₂ (percent)	H =	0.967
CO (percent)	0.410	E'I =
Particulate weight (g)	VM =	49.9
	57.170	VS =
	MCF =	31.4
	1.000	QA =
	VLC =	94723.0
	192.000	QS =
	NOIZ DIR =	71931.7
	0.254	VH =
	CO2 =	74.1
	8.300	%I =
	O2 =	93.1
	7.600	CS =
	CO =	0.015
	0.500	CA =
	GRAMS =	0.012
	0.056	C12 =
		0.022
		C50 =
		0.015
		PNR =
		9.457

APPENDIX II

FIELD TEST DATA

HARMON ENGINEERING & TESTING
PARTICULATE FIELD DATA SHEET

Client MEAD PAPERBOARD Date 10/4/79
 Plant Site _____ Type Control Collector/Venturi Scrubber
 Sampling Location WASTE BAKER Run Number 1-C
 Starting Time _____ Ending Time _____ Sample Box No. J04-1
 Sampling Type EPA-5 Weather Cloudy
 Ambient Temp. _____ Wind Direction _____
 HE&T Test Personnel Daugherty/Andrews Test Observed By John Huges
 Remarks _____

Sketch
of
Stack

Baro. pressure (in Hg) 29.5 Leak Check 2.005
 Stack pressure (in Hg) _____ Pitot tube no. J04-8
 Stack temp. DB (°F) - Pitot tube correction factor .82
 Stack temp. WB (°F) - Nozzle ID no. J04 250
 Assumed moisture (%) 19 Nozzle diameter before test
 Gas density factor _____ (in) .254 .254 .255 .254
 Stack dimensions 8'-0" Nozzle diameter after test
 Stack height _____ (in) _____
 Sample time (min/Pt) 3 Average nozzle diameter
 Net sample time (min) 120 (in) .254
 Final gas meter
 reading 3894.14 Probe length 8'-0" epf
 Initial gas meter
 reading 3834.45 Probe Tiner material SS
 Δ Meter reading 59.69 Heater setting (%) _____
 Orifice Δ 1.0 Nomograph Cf _____
 Filter type GF Silica gel no. 16 + 52 ml acetone
(218-)
 Δ Condensate 500 = 23° Filter no. 000866

ORSAT DATA: Method of sample collection was by GAB

	1	2	3	Average -
% CO ₂	8.2	9.4	5.8	7.1
% O ₂	8.6	8.8	8.4	8.6
% CO	.2	.2	.0	.1

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA SHEET

Client Name Pearl RiverDate 10/11/75 Source Waste Line Run Number 1-Contd.

Port and Traverse Point No.	Distance From Inside Stack Wall Inches	Clock Time	Gas Meter Volume Cu. Feet (Vm)	Stack Velocity Head In. H2O (ΔP)	Meter Orifice Pressure Differential Inches H2O (ΔH)	Gas Meter Temperature In °F (Tm)	Gas Meter Temperature Out °F (Ts)	Stack Temperature °F (Ts)	Last Impinger Temperature °F	Sample Box Temperature °F	Sample Box	Sample Train Vacuum In. Hg
# 1-1	10:14	38340	0.28	0.40	45	45	140	45	45	180	185	2.0
2		3837.9	0.28	0.40	65	65	140	45	45	180	185	2.0
3		3839.0	0.30	0.43	70	65	145	50	50	200	200	2.0
4		3840.5	0.30	0.43	70	65	145	50	50	205	205	2.0
5		3842.1	0.30	0.43	75	65	145	55	55	210	210	2.0
6		3843.4	0.28	0.40	75	65	140	40	40	225	225	2.0
7		3844.0	0.30	0.43	75	65	140	40	40	230	230	2.0
8		3844.5	0.30	0.43	80	70	130	-	-	235	235	-
9		3845.0	0.30	0.43	80	70	140	85	85	240	240	2.0
10		3845.5	0.32	0.45	80	70	140	75	75	250	250	2.0
11		3846.0	0.24	0.35	80	70	140	70	70	240	240	2.0
12			0.28	0.43	85	75	140	65	65	240	240	2.0
13		3853.74	0.24	0.35	85	75	140	60	60	240	240	2.0
14		3855.2	0.24	0.40	85	75	140	65	65	240	240	2.0
15		3856.12	0.28	0.43	85	75	145	70	70	240	240	2.0
16		3858.0	0.24	0.30	85	75	145	70	70	240	240	2.0
17		3859.9	0.24	0.40	90	80	150	70	70	240	240	2.0
18		3861.1	0.24	0.36	90	80	150	75	75	240	240	2.0
19		3862.22	0.24	0.40	90	80	150	75	75	240	240	2.0
20	11:14	3863.0	0.24	0.36	90	80	150	75	75	240	240	2.0

REMARKS:

Last check 1/2 run 20.005

3863.64

14A.5

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA SHEET

Mono Park BondedDate 10-4-79Source Whistler Run Number 1

Port and Traverse Point No.	Distance From Inside Stack Wall Inches	Clock Time	Gas Meter Volume Cu. Feet (V _m)	Stack Velocity In. H ₂ O (ΔP)	Meter Orifice Pressure Differential Inches H ₂ O (ΔH)	Gas Meter Temperature In °F (T _m)	Stack Temperature In °F (T _s)	Last Impinger Temperature °F	Sample Box Temperature °F	Sample Train Vacuum In. Hg
2. 1	11.57	3843.78	0.28	0.40	70	70	140	50	210	2.0
2		3845.2	0.30	0.43	75	70	140	55	225	2.0
3		3846.	0.30	0.43	75	75	150	55	230	2.0
4		3848.2	0.30	0.43	80	75	150	55	230	2.0
5		3849.5	0.30	0.43	80	75	150	55	240	2.0
4		3871.2	0.30	0.43	80	75	150	60	250	2.0
7		3872.	0.32	0.46	80	75	150	60	250	2.0
8		3874.15	0.32	0.46	85	75	150	60	260	2.0
9		3875.6	0.34	0.50	85	80	150	65	260	2.0
10		3877.2	0.34	0.50	85	80	150	65	260	2.0
11		3879.0	0.34	0.50	85	80	150	65	260	2.0
12		3880.5	0.34	0.54	90	85	145	70	260	2.0
13	—	0.34	0.50	90	85	145	70	265	2.0	
14		388	0.30	0.40	90	80	145	70	265	2.0
15		3885.05	0.34	0.50	90	80	145	70	265	2.0
16		3888	0.32	0.46	90	80	150	75	265	3.0
17		3888.1	0.34	0.50	90	80	145	75	270	3.0
18		3889	0.30	0.40	90	80	140	75	270	3.0
19		3891.25	0.30	0.40	90	80	140	75	270	3.0
20		3892	0.24	0.35	90	80	140	75	270	

REMARKS: Page 2 of 2 Run # 342 .43 62 144.5

A

F MON ENGINEERING & TESTING
PARTICULATE FIELD DATA SHEET

Client METHOD PAPER BOARD Date 10/4/79
 Plant Site _____ Type Control Collector / Venturi Scrubber
 Sampling Location WASTE Boiler Run Number Z-C
 Starting Time 1652 Ending Time 1915 Sample Box No. JOY-1
 Sampling Type EPA-S Weather SPRING
 Ambient Temp. 70 Wind Direction NW Wind Speed 5-15
 HE&T Test Personnel Douglas H. Tracy / Andreas Test Observed By _____
 Remarks _____

Sketch of Stack	Baro. pressure (in Hg)	<u>29.6</u>	Leak Check	<u>>.005</u>
	Stack pressure (in Hg)	—	Pitot tube no.	<u>JOY 8</u>
	Stack temp. DB (°F)	—	Pitot tube correction factor	<u>.82</u>
	Stack temp. WB (°F)	—	Nozzle ID no.	<u>JOY 250</u>
	Assumed moisture (%)	<u>20</u>	Nozzle diameter before test (in)	—
	Gas density factor	—	Nozzle diameter after test (in)	—
	Stack dimensions	<u>8'-0</u>	Average nozzle diameter (in)	<u>.254</u>
	Stack height	—	Probe length	<u>8'-0</u>
	Sample time (min/Pt)	<u>3</u>	Probe liner material	<u>SS</u>
	Net sample time (min)	<u>120</u>	Heater setting (%)	<u>70</u>
	Final gas meter reading	<u>3948.39</u>	Nomograph Cf	—
	Initial gas meter reading	<u>3894.74</u>	Silica gel no.	<u>15</u> <u>201</u>
	Δ Meter reading	<u>53.65</u>	Δ Condensate	<u>215.7</u> <u>292</u>
	Orifice Δ	<u>1.008</u>	Filter no.	<u>000843</u>
	Filter type	<u>GF</u>		

ORSAT DATA: Method of sample collection was by CARB

	1	2	3	Average
% CO ₂	<u>8.2</u>	<u>7.4</u>	<u>7.8</u>	<u>7.8</u>
% O ₂	<u>8.0</u>	<u>8.6</u>	<u>8.8</u>	<u>8.5</u>
% CO	<u>.0</u>	<u>.0</u>	<u>.0</u>	<u>.0</u>

Client: MEAD Paper

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA SHEET

Date 10-2-79 Source WASTE Boiler Run Number 22

Port and Traverse Point No.	Distance From Inside Stack Wall Inches	Clock Time	Gas Meter Volume Cu. Feet (V _m)	Stack Velocity Head In. H ₂ O (Δp)	Meter Orifice Differential Inches H ₂ O (ΔH)	Gas Meter Temperature In °F (T _m)	Stack Temperature In °F (T _s)	Last Impinger Temperature In °F	Sample Box Temperature °F	Sample Train Vacuum In. Hg
1	452	3595.9	0.22	0.32	75	70	150	50	200	2.2
2	*		0.10	0.15	75	70	150	50	200	2.0
3	*		0.10	0.15	80	70	150	50	200	2.0
4	5.07	3899.4	0.26	0.38	80	70	150	55	240	2.0
5	3900.6	0.24	0.35	85	80	150	55	210	2.0	
6	3902.	0.22	0.32	90	85	150	55	225	2.0	
7	3903.3	0.22	0.29	90	85	150	60	230	2.0	
8	3905.96	0.24	0.32	90	80	150	65	230	2.0	
9	3907.3	0.24	0.32	90	80	150	65	220	2.0	
10	3908	0.24	0.35	90	80	150	70	220	2.0	
11	3910.1	6.24	0.35	90	80	150	70	220	2.0	
12	3911.5	0.24	0.35	95	85	145	70	230	2.0	
13	3912.9	0.24	0.35	95	85	145	70	235	2.0	
14	3914.	0.22	0.32	95	85	145	70	245	2.0	
15	3915.4	0.22	0.32	95	85	145	70	250	2.0	
16	3916.9	0.20	0.29	95	85	145	70	250	2.0	
17	3918.2	0.20	0.29	95	85	145	70	250	2.0	
18	3919.3	0.18	0.27	95	85	145	70	250	2.0	
19	3920.7	0.14	0.20	95	85	145	70	250	2.0	
20	5.55	3920.7	0.14	0.20	95	85	145	70	250	2.0

REMARKS: Having to check out pilot tubes as needed lower than #1 run
Pilot tubes check out ok.

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA SHEET

Mono Paper BoardDate 10/21/79 Source Wet Stacks Run Number 22

Port and Traverse Point No.	Distance From Inside Stack Wall Inches	Gas Meter Volume Cu. Feet	Stack Velocity Head In. H ₂ O	Meter Orifice Pressure, Different.: 1 Inches H ₂ O (ΔH)	Gas Meter Temperature In °F	Stack Temperature In °F	Last Impinger Temperature °F	Sample Box Temperature °F	Sample Train Vacuum In. Hg
#	Clock Time	(V _m)	(ΔP)	(T _m)	(T _s)	(T _i)			
1 - 1	15:15	3922.14	0.20	0.29	80	145	60	270	2.0
2		3923.5	0.22	0.32	80	145	65	270	2.0
3		3924.5	0.22	0.32	80	145	70	270	2.0
4		3926.3	0.22	0.32	85	80	145	270	2.0
5		3927.4	0.22	0.32	85	80	145	270	2.0
6		3929.1	0.24	0.35	85	80	145	265	2.0
7		3930.4	0.22	0.32	85	80	145	265	2.0
8		3931.8	0.22	0.32	85	80	145	260	2.5
9		3933.2	0.24	0.35	90	80	145	260	2.0
10		3934.	0.24	0.35	90	80	145	265	2.0
11		3934.	0.24	0.35	90	80	145	265	2.0
12		0.24	0.40	90	80	145	600	265	2.0
13		3936.8	0.24	0.40	90	80	145	55	260
14		3940.2	0.24	0.35	90	80	145	55	250
15		3941.6	0.24	0.35	90	80	145	55	250
16		3943	0.24	0.35	90	80	145	55	250
17		3944.4	0.24	0.35	90	80	145	55	250
18		3945.	0.20	0.29	90	80	145	55	250
19		3947.0	0.20	0.29	90	80	145	55	250
20		19.15 3948.24	0.20	0.29	90	80	145	55	250

REMARKS:

4607 .32 84.3 146.5

H. MON ENGINEERING & TESTING
PARTICULATE FIELD DATA SHEET

Client MENCO PAPERBOARD Date 10/15/78
 Plant Site _____ Type Control Collector/Inlet Scrubber
 Sampling Location Waste Boxer Run Number 3-C
 Starting Time 9:28 AM Ending Time 12:03 PM Sample Box No. B04-1
 Sampling Type EPA-5 Weather clear 79
 Ambient Temp. 50 Wind Direction NW Wind Speed 5-15
 HE&T Test Personnel Dougherty/Andrews Test Observed By MENCO
 Remarks _____

Sketch of Stack	Baro. pressure (in Hg) <u>29.96</u>	Leak Check <u>>.005</u>
	Stack pressure (in Hg) _____	Pitot tube no. <u>J04-8</u>
	Stack temp. DB (°F) <u>145</u>	Pitot tube correction factor <u>.82</u>
	Stack temp. WB (°F) <u>-</u>	Nozzle ID no. <u>J04 250</u>
	Assumed moisture (%) <u>20</u>	Nozzle diameter before test (in) <u>.254</u>
	Gas density factor <u>-</u>	Nozzle diameter after test (in) _____
	Stack dimensions <u>8'-0</u>	Average nozzle diameter (in) _____
	Stack height <u>46'</u> straight run ⁺	Probe length <u>8'-0 EFF.</u>
	Sample time (min/Pt) <u>3</u>	Probe liner material <u>SS</u>
	Net sample time (min) <u>120</u>	Heater setting (%) <u>70%</u>
	Final gas meter reading <u>4005.87</u>	Nomograph Cf <u>-</u>
	Initial gas meter reading <u>3948.70</u>	Silica gel no. <u>427 (212.2)</u>
	Δ Meter reading <u>57.17</u>	Δ Condensate <u>1042</u>
	Orifice Δ <u>.98</u>	Filter no. <u>000862</u>
	Filter type <u>GF</u>	

ORSAT DATA: Method of sample collection was by GASB

	1	2	3	Average
% CO ₂	7.4	8.1	9.0	8.3
% O ₂	10.1	10.6	10.2	10.4
% CO	.6	.6	.2	.5

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA SHEET

Client Memo Paper Board

Date 10/5/77 Source Waste boiler Run Number 3-C

Port and Traverse Point No.	Distance From Inside Stack Wall Inches	Clock Time	Gas Meter Volume Cu. Feet (V _m)	Stack Velocity Head In. H ₂ O (Δp)	Meter Orifice Pressure Differential Inches H ₂ O (ΔH)	Gas Meter Temperature In °F (T _m)	Stack Temperature In °F (T _s)	Last Impinger Temperature in °F	Sample Box Temperature in °F	Sample Train in Vacuum	Sample In. Hg
1-1		9:28	395.00	0.24	0.39	60	55	140	50	150	1.5
2		3951.0	0.24	0.39	60	55	140	50	150	1.5	
3		3952.5	0.25	0.38	65	60	140	50	170	1.5	
4		3953.9	0.24	0.38	70	60	140	50	190	1.5	
5		-	0.28	0.43	70	60	140	50	190	1.5	
6		3954.8	0.28	0.43	75	65	140	50	200	2.0	
7		39557	0.28	0.43	75	65	140	55	210	2.0	
8		3956.4	0.28	0.43	75	65	140	55	220	2.0	
9		39570.2	0.30	0.45	80	70	140	55	220	2.0	
10		39611.9	0.30	0.45	80	70	140	55	225	2.0	
11		39623	0.30	0.45	85	75	140	60	230	2.0	
12		39644.6	0.32	0.47	90	80	140	60	240	2.0	
13		3966.4	0.32	0.47	90	80	140	60	240	2.0	
14		10.24	0.34	0.50	90	85	140	70	240	2.0	
15		3969.40	0.32	0.47	90	85	140	70	260	2.0	
16			0.32	0.47	90	85	140	70	270	2.0	
17		3972.44	0.32	0.47	90	85	140	70	270	2.0	
18		3977.1	0.28	0.43	90	85	140	70	270	2.0	
19			0.20	0.30	85	80	140	70	270	2.0	
20		10.30	0.18	0.27	85	80	140	70	270	2.0	

REMARKS: down 5 min for first check

Client Mono Power Board

Date 10/15/79

Source Whale Boiler Run Number 3-C

10/17/79

Port and Traverse Point No.	Distance From Inside Stack Wall Inches	Gas Meter Volume Cu. Feet (V_m)	Stack Velocity Head In. H ₂ O (ΔP)	Meter Orifice Pressure Differential Inches H ₂ O (ΔH)	Gas Meter Temperature In °F (T_m)	Gas Meter Temperature Out °F (T_s)	Stack Temperature °F (T_s)	Last Impinger Temperature °F	Sample Box Temperature °F	Sample Train Vacuum In. Hg
1		11.00	0.24	0.30	75	75	140	50	230	2.0
2		3974.4	0.28	0.43	75	75	140	50	230	2.0
3		3981.17	0.28	0.43	75	75	140	50	230	2.0
4		3982.7	0.28	0.43	80	75	140	50	230	2.0
5	3784.25	0.36	0.45	80	75	140	50	230	2.0	
6	3985.7	0.30	0.45	85	75	140	55	240	2.0	
7	3987.3	0.28	0.43	85	75	140	55	245	2.0	
8	3988.9	0.28	0.43	85	75	140	60	240	2.0	
9	3990.45	0.28	0.43	85	75	140	60	240	2.0	
10	3992.0	0.30	0.45	85	75	140	60	240	2.0	
11	3993.8	0.30	0.45	85	80	140	60	245	2.0	
12	3995.2	0.28	0.43	85	80	140	60	245	2.0	
13	3996.55	0.24	0.38	85	80	140	60	240	2.0	
14	3997.9	0.24	0.38	85	80	140	60	240	2.0	
15	3999.3	0.24	0.38	85	80	140	60	240	2.0	
16	4000.7	0.24	0.36	85	80	140	60	240	2.0	
17	4002.1	0.24	0.36	85	80	140	60	240	2.0	
18	4003.5	0.22	0.33	85	80	140	60	240	2.0	
19		0.20	0.30	85	80	140	60	240	2.0	
20		0.20	0.30	85	80	140	60	240	2.0	

REMARKS:

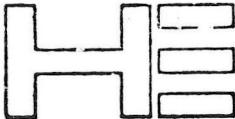
, 527 .41 78 140

CO_2 , O_2 CO
8.2 11.0/101.2
4.0 4.0

1.4 8.4 1.2
5.8 28 1.0

APPENDIX III

CHAIN OF CUSTODY AND LABORATORY DATA



HARMON ENGINEERING & TESTING
SCIENTISTS · ENGINEERS · SURVEYORS
AUBURN INDUSTRIAL PARK BOX 2249 AUBURN, ALA. 36830
205 821-9250

SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Plant MEAD PAPER BOARD

Date Sampled 10/4, 10/5/79 Test Number 1
Run Number 1, 2 & 3

Sample Recovery

Container Code	Description
<u>2068</u>	<u>Run #1 Probe wash & FILTER</u>
<u>2069</u>	<u>Run #2 Probe wash & FILTER</u>
<u>2070</u>	<u>Run #3 Probe wash & FILTER</u>
<u>BLK</u>	<u>Acetone BLK.</u>

Person engaged in Sample Recovery

Signature Wayne Daughtry
Title Project Supervisor
Location at which Recovery
Was done Control Room at alt site
Date and Time of Recovery 10/4/79 10/5/79 after each test.

Sample(s) recipient, upon recovery if not Recovery person

Signature Same
Title
Date and Time of Recovery Same as test
Sample Storage Sample Container in HET VAN

Laboratory person receiving Sample

Signature Robert L. Foster
Title Laboratory Director
Date and time of Receipt 10-9-79
Sample storage HET Laboratory

Analysis

Container Code	Method of Analysis	Date & Time of Analysis	Signature of Analyst
<u>2068</u>	<u>EPA-5</u>	<u>10/9/79</u>	
<u>2069</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>10/19/79</u>	
<u>2070</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>10/19/79</u>	
<u># 68</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>10/19/79</u>	

Plant: Lilac

Source: Waste Boiler

PAGE

Analyst:

Sample Identification	Initial weight #1	Final weight #1	Δ weight	net particulate	Final weight
Beaker #/Liquid Vol.	Initial weight #2	Final weight #2	- filter weight		Initial weight
Run #	Initial weight #3	Final weight #3	- blank		Weight increase
Filter #					
waste boiler / 2068	105.5405	8767	-	300.0	9
Beaker #63 / 650 ml,	104.6660	not in	105.5407	1444	18.0
H-1-C	104.6645	not in	105.5407	1444	18.0
# 000866	104.6640	not in	- 0	-	-
waste boiler / 2069	93.8384	94.6867	.8453	-	24.7
# 35 / 300 ml	93.8384	94.6823	.7353	1114	201.0
# 2-C	93.8384	94.6833	.7353	1114	23.7
# 000863	93.8384	94.6833	.7353	1114	23.7
waste boiler / 2070	101.3245	102.1172	.7940	-	39.8
# 26 / 250 ml	101.3245	102.1148	.7330	0.540	12.2
# 3-C	101.3245	101.3208	102.1150	-	27.6
# 000862	105.8771	105.8716	0	-	-
Blank	105.8761	105.8698	0	0	-
# 69 / 100 ml.	105.8751	105.8706	0	0	-

August 1979

DRY GAS METER AND ORIFICE CALIBRATION DATA

Meter Box No. 0504Date 10/12/79 Bar. Pressure, P_b 30.1 "Hg Calibrated By Dougherty

ΔH	ΔW	Initial	Final	V_w	Net	Initial	Final	V_m	t_m	In	Out	Avg.	θ	MCF	$\Delta H\theta$
0.5	<u>335.90</u>				<u>4226.0</u>								<u>4</u>		
2.0	<u>130.3</u>	<u>446.77</u>	<u>16.07</u>	<u>4307.5</u>	<u>4321.2</u>	<u>16.7</u>	<u>16.7</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>15.7</u>	<u>1.61</u>	<u>.90</u>	
1.0	<u>114.150</u>	<u>425.575</u>	<u>11.425</u>	<u>4291.0</u>	<u>430.27</u>	<u>11.7</u>	<u>11.7</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>92.5</u>	<u>92.5</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>1.004</u>	<u>.94</u>	
3.0	<u>255.456</u>	<u>422.526</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>422.526</u>	<u>422.526</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1.02</u>	<u>.91</u>	
3.0	<u>448.12</u>	<u>469.173</u>	<u>20.153</u>	<u>4326.5</u>	<u>4346.73</u>	<u>20.23</u>	<u>20.23</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>Average</u>	<u>1.01</u>	<u>.92</u>

 ΔH = Orifice Manometer Setting ("H₂O) ΔW = Negative Pressure on Wet Test Meter ("H₂O) V_w = Gas Volume of Wet Test Meter (cu. ft.) t_m = Gas Volume of Dry Gas Meter (cu. ft.) t_w = Temperature of Wet Test Meter (°F) t_m = Temperature of Dry Gas Meter (°F) θ = Calibration Time (minutes)MCF = Meter Correction Factor, tolerance of 1.00 ± 0.01 $\Delta H\theta$ = Orifice Pressure Differential that gives 0.75 cfmof dry air at 68°F, 29.92" Hg ("H₂O)

$$MCF = \frac{(V_w)(t_m + 460)(P_b - \frac{\Delta W}{13.6})}{(V_m)(t_w + 460)(P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6})}$$

$$\Delta H\theta = \left[\frac{(0.0317)(\Delta H)}{(P_b)(t_m + 460)} \right] \left[\frac{(t_w + 460)(\theta)}{V_w} \right]^2$$

4" h9

15.7

August 1979

APPENDIX IV

CALIBRATION DATA

CALIBRATION FORM

Gauge	Average Test Condition Temperature	Gauge Reading	Reference Reading	Difference
Impinger (Pre)	80	80	80	0°F
Meter In (Pre)	80	80	80	0°F
Meter Out (Pre)	80	80	78	2°F
Filter Heated Area (Pre)	265	265	260	5°F
Stack (Post)				

<u>Post Test</u>	<u>Run 1</u>	<u>Run 2</u>	<u>Run 3</u>
Train Leak Rate	✓	✓	✓
<u>Pre Test</u> (Answer Yes or No)			
Pitot Leak Check	✓	✓	✓
Orsat Leak Check	✓	—	—
Metering System Leak Check	✓		
Barometer Calibrated	—		—
Sample Bag Leak Check (if used)	—		

Signature Wayne Daughtry Title Field Supervisor Date 10/5/78

DRY GAS METER AND ORIFICE CALIBRATION DATA

Meter Box No. 104-1

Date 9/25/79 Bar. Pressure, P_b 30.1 "Hg Calibrated By MM

ΔH	ΔW	V_w			V_m			t_m			θ	MCF	$\Delta H\theta$
		Initial	Final	Net	Initial	Final	Net	In	Out	Avg.			
0.5	833.055	845.162	2.107	3580.00	3579.11	13.11	72	95	90	92.5	.24	.96	1.04
1.0	212.285	832.769	19.834	3552.5	3579.64	21.14	72	95	90	92.5	.27	.97	.99
2.0	773.515	771.755	38.06	3517.5	3557.14	39.64	72	95	90	92.5	.30	.99	.97
3.0	744.735	771.755	271.02	3488.5	3515.67	271.17	72	100	90	95	.20	1.02	.91
Average											.99		
											.98		

ΔH = Orifice Manometer Setting ("H₂O)

ΔW = Negative Pressure on Wet Test Meter {"H₂O}

V_w = Gas Volume of Wet Test Meter (cu. ft.)

V_m = Gas Volume of Dry Gas Meter (cu. ft.)

t_w = Temperature of Wet Test Meter (°F)

t_m = Temperature of Dry Gas Meter (°F)

θ = Calibration Time (minutes)

MCF = Meter Correction Factor, tolerance of 1.00 ± 0.01

$\Delta H\theta$ = Orifice Pressure Differential that gives 0.75 cfm
of dry air at 70°F, 29.92" Hg ("H₂O)

$$MCF = \frac{(V_w)(t_m + 460)(P_b - \frac{\Delta H}{13.6})}{(V_m)(t_w + 460)(P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6})}$$

$$\Delta H\theta = \left[\frac{0.0317(\Delta H)}{(P_b)(t_m + 460)} \right] \left[\frac{(t_w + 460)(\theta)}{V_w} \right]^2$$

PILOT CALIBRATION DATA

Type-S Pitot Tube No. J04-1, Bar. Pres. _____ "Hg, Date 7-3-79

Standard Pitot Tube No. HE-1, Coefficient of Std. Pitot Tube, Cp(std) 1.00

Calibrated By DRAUGHTRY

ΔP_{std} ("H ₂ O)	Type-S Pitot Tube Legs	ΔP_{test} ("H ₂ O)		Cp (s)		Deviation	
		*	**	*	**	*	**
.60	A	.89	.87	.821			
	B	.89		.821			
.60	A	.89		.821			
	B	.90		.82			
.60	A	.90		.82			
	B						
	A						
	B						

* Pitot tube calibrated alone.

** Pitot tube calibrated with a 3/8" diameter nozzle attached 1/4" apart from the pitot tube end.

$$Cp \text{ of Type-S} = Cp \text{ (std)} \times \sqrt{\frac{\Delta P_{std}}{\Delta P_{test}}}$$

_____ *

_____ **

Average Cp (s) of "A"

Average Cp (s) of "B"

Average Cp (s) of "A" & "B"

Cp Difference = A_{avg} - B_{avg}

Nomograph "C" Adjustment = C $\frac{[Cp(s)]^2}{[0.85]^2}$

Deviation = Cp (s) - Cp (s)_{avg}

APPENDIX V

OPERATING DATA

Test 1
Run 1 10/4/79

HOG FUEL BOILER DATA SHEET

TIME	FUELER DRAFF	DRAFF OUTLET	AIR OUTLET	PAI OC	SCOURING, FAN	INLET	OUTLET	SHOWER	LEAF	LEFT	RIGHT
10:11A	-	-	3.6	1.0	7.5	1.0	1.0	5.4	1.3	13.2	13.2
10:15A	-	3.6	2.0	1.0	7.5	2.0	2.0	5.4	1.3	13.2	13.2
11:15A	-	3.6	2.5	1.0	7.5	2.0	2.0	5.4	1.2	13.5	13.5
11:45A	-	3.6	2.5	1.0	7.5	2.0	2.0	5.4	1.2	13.5	13.5
12:15P	-	3.6	2.5	1.0	7.5	2.0	2.0	5.4	1.0	13.0	13.0
12:45P	-	3.6	2.5	1.0	7.5	2.0	2.0	5.4	1.0	13.0	13.0
1:00P	-	3.6	2.5	1.0	7.5	2.0	2.0	5.4	1.0	13.0	13.0
10											
11											
12											
13											
14											
15											
TIME	OFA RIGHT	AIR RATIO	F.D. FAN	AIR TEMP	I.D. FAN	DISTANCE	FEEDER No 1	FEEDER No 2	FEEDER No 3	FEEDER No 4	FEEDER No 5
10:11A	2.0	2.35	77	68	8.0	75	2.0	3.4	4	4	4
10:45A	2.1	2.35	77	68	9.0	97	2.0	3.4	4	4	4
11:15A	2.1	2.35	77	68	10.0	97	2.0	3.4	4	4	4
11:45A	2.1	2.35	77	68	10.0	97	2.0	3.4	4	4	4
12:15P	2.2	2.35	80	67	9.0	97	2.0	3.4	4	4	4
12:45P	2.2	2.35	85	67	15.0	97	2.0	3.4	4	4	4
1:00P	2.2	2.35	85	66	15.0	97	2.0	3.4	4	4	4
10											
11											
12											
13											
14											
TIME	FEEDER No 4	FEEDER No 5	GAS TO A.H.°F	LEAVING AIR HTR °F	AIR LO Stm Coil	AIR LU A.H.°F	STY Flow	O ₂			
10:15A	0	0	630	400	60	470	140	7.0			
10:45A	0	0	600	380	65	470	120	10.0			
11:15A	0	0	620	375	65	470	167	4.0			
11:45A	0	0	610	390	65	480	145	7.6			
12:15P	0	0	630	390	65	480	170	6.2			
12:45P	0	0	630	390	65	480	170	6.7			
1:00P	0	0	630	390	65	480	168	6.8			
10											
11											
12											
13											
14											
15											

Steam Integrator

Ending 2003994 1:02 P

$$\frac{12:62}{10:16} = \frac{10:46}{2:7667} = 2.7667 \text{ hrs}$$

Beginning 1996513 10:16 A

$$7481 \times 60 = (162,237 \text{ lbs/hr})$$

Test 1 14/77
Run 2

HOG FUEL BOILER DATA SHEET

Steam Integrator

Ending 2021399 7:20 pm

Beginning 2015077 4:58 P.M. ~~4:58
2:22~~ = 2.3667 hrs

$$6322 \times 60 = 160,274 \text{ lbs/hr}$$

Test 1
Run 3 10/10/79

HOG FUEL BOILER DATA SHEET

TIME	FURNACE DRAFT	BOILER OUTLET	AIR INLET	SPR. OF FUEL	SUPERHEATER INLET	FAN SPEEDS	FLUE-GAS RATE	MASS FLOW RATE	DISP.
1 9:40A	-0.4	4.5	2.0	6.2	7.5	4.0	2.0	12.4	10.3
2 10:10A	-0.5	4.0	2.5	7.5	8.2	4.3	2.0	12.3	15
3 10:40A	0.2	4.0	2.0	7.2	8.6	4.4	2.0	12.8	15
4 11:10A									
5 11:40A	-2.5	4.8	2.5	7.5	8.4	4.2	2.0	12.8	+2
6 12:10P	-0.6	4.0	2.5	6.5	7.4	2.7	0.8	12.5	15
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
TIME	OFA RATIO	AIR RATIO	F.D. FAU	AIR TEMP	I.D.N° FAN	DISCHARGE	FEEDER NO.1	FEEDER NO.2	FEEDER NO.3
16 9:40A	21.0	2.35	85	62	19.0	97	-2	+30	-2
17 10:10A	21.0	2.35	89	66	19.0	97	-4	+28	-4
18 10:40A	21.0	2.35	89	63	16.0	97%	-4	+28	-4
19 11:40A	12.8	2.3	85	63	16	97%	0	30	0
20 12:10P	21.5	2.35	77	63	14	97	-4	+28	-4
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									
28									
29									
30									
31									
32									
TIME	FEEDER NO.4	FEEDER NO.5	GAS TO A.H. °F	LEAVING AIR HTR	AIR LO STn COIL	AIR LU A.H. °F	STG FLOW	O ₂	
33 9:40A	-2.0	0	630	360	50	460	147	5.0	
34 10:10A	-2.2	0	620	370	55	460	147	7.6	
35 10:40A	-2.2	0	620	370	57	455	150	6.8	
36 11:40A	-1	-10	600	365	60	450	145	8.0	
37 12:10P	-12	-12	600	370	65	460	140	7.8	
38									
39									
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41									
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48									
49									
50									

Steam Integrator

Ending 2053324 12:16 PM 11:76

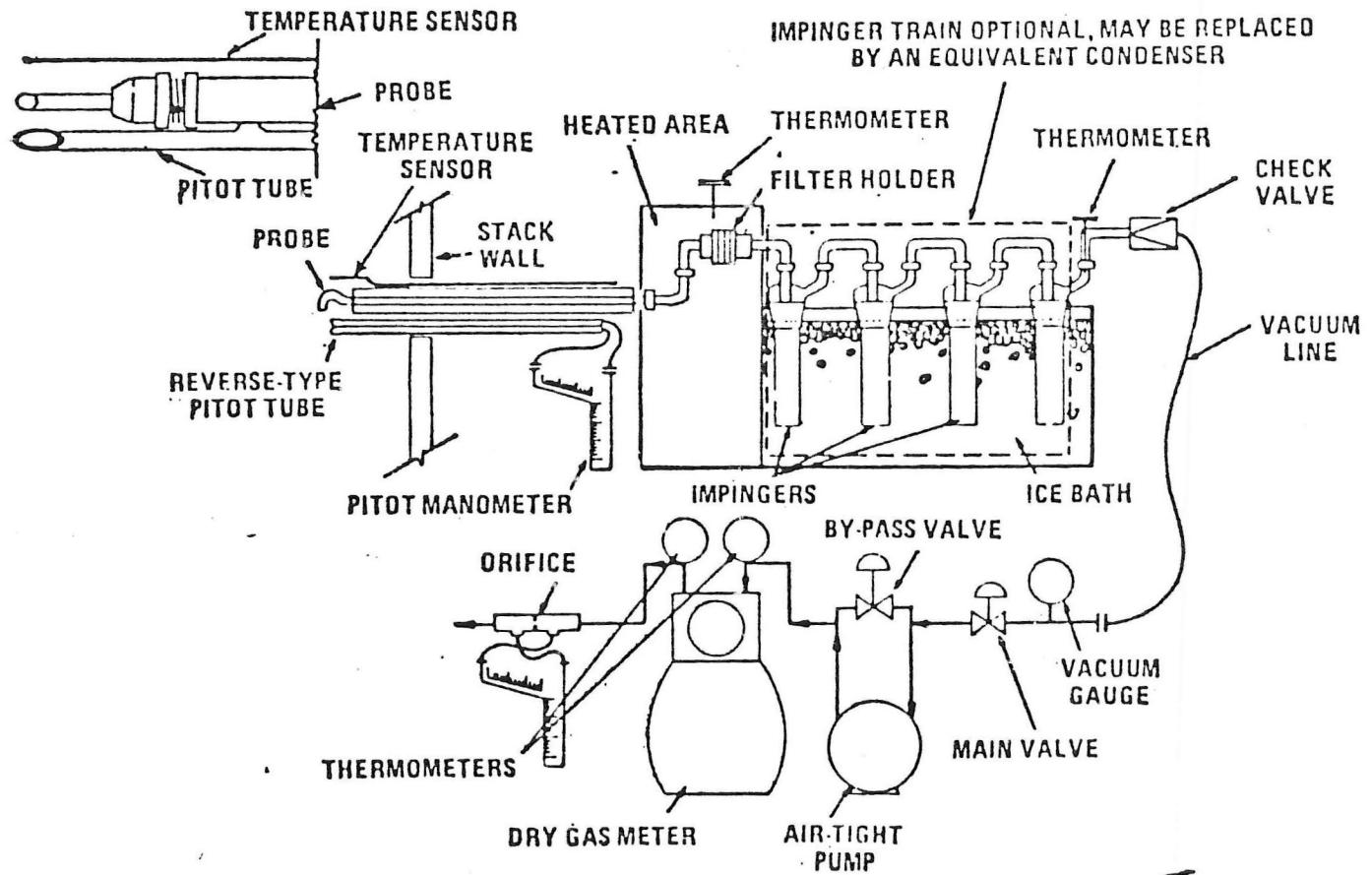
Beginning 2046603 9:41 AM 9:41
 $\frac{6721 \times 60}{2.5833} = 2.5833 \text{ L/s}$

$$\frac{6721 \times 60}{2.5833} = 156,103 \text{ L/s/hr.}$$

SUMMARY OF EPA METHOD 5
DETERMINATION OF PARTICULATE EMISSIONS
FROM STATIONARY SOURCES

Particulate matter is withdrawn isokinetically from the source and collected on a glass fiber filter maintained at 120°C. The particulate mass, which includes any material that condenses at or above the filtration temperature, is determined gravimetrically after removal from uncombined water.

A schematic drawing of the sampling apparatus is shown below.



Schematic of Particulate Sampling Train

Prior to testing, all components are maintained and calibrated in accordance with the procedure described in APTD-0576 unless otherwise specified. The silica gel is dried and weighed. Filters are checked for obvious irregularities, flaws, or pinholes. The filters are dessicated and preweighed. All flow equipment is cleaned, inspected and calibrated before each test.

Preliminary determinations are made on site prior to the actual sampling. The sampling site and the minimum number of sample points are determined according to EPA Method 1. The stack pressure, temperature, the range of velocity heads, and leak checks are determined as specified in EPA Method 2. The moisture content is determined using the EPA Approximation Method 4 or from dew point data. The dry gas molecular weight is determined using EPA Method 2 or 3 as appropriate. The nozzle size, probe liner and length, sampling time, sampling rate, and other variables are selected based upon the above determinations.

The sampling train is set up in accordance with the schematic on the preceding page. Sampling is begun and an isokinetic flow ($\pm 10\%$) is maintained throughout the run. Data is recorded throughout the sampling period to insure the maintenance of isokinetic conditions.

The data is calculated using equations that correct all volumes and concentrations to standard conditions. The equations are all based on ideal gas behavior and the ideal gas law. All equations and procedures are given in the Federal Register, Vol. 42, No. 160, pp. 41776-41782.

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TIS 2743

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GEO 227 Park Ave NY 17
Glenn R. Fryling 10017
1967

Appendix A Combustion Calculation Charts

THIS APPENDIX supplements information on graphical combustion methods appearing in Chapter 21, Combustion and Boiler Calculations. More detailed information can be found in the First Edition of *Combustion Engineering*, Otto de Lorenzi, editor, Chapter 25, Performance Calculations, Section on Heat Balance, pp. 25-18 through 25-39.

These and related charts originally appeared in a series of articles by W. S. Patterson and A. L. Nicolai published in *Combustion* in 1941, 1942 and 1944. They are available in slightly revised form from the General Offices of Combustion Engineering, Inc. Windsor, Conn., under the title "Combustion Calculations by Graphical Methods."

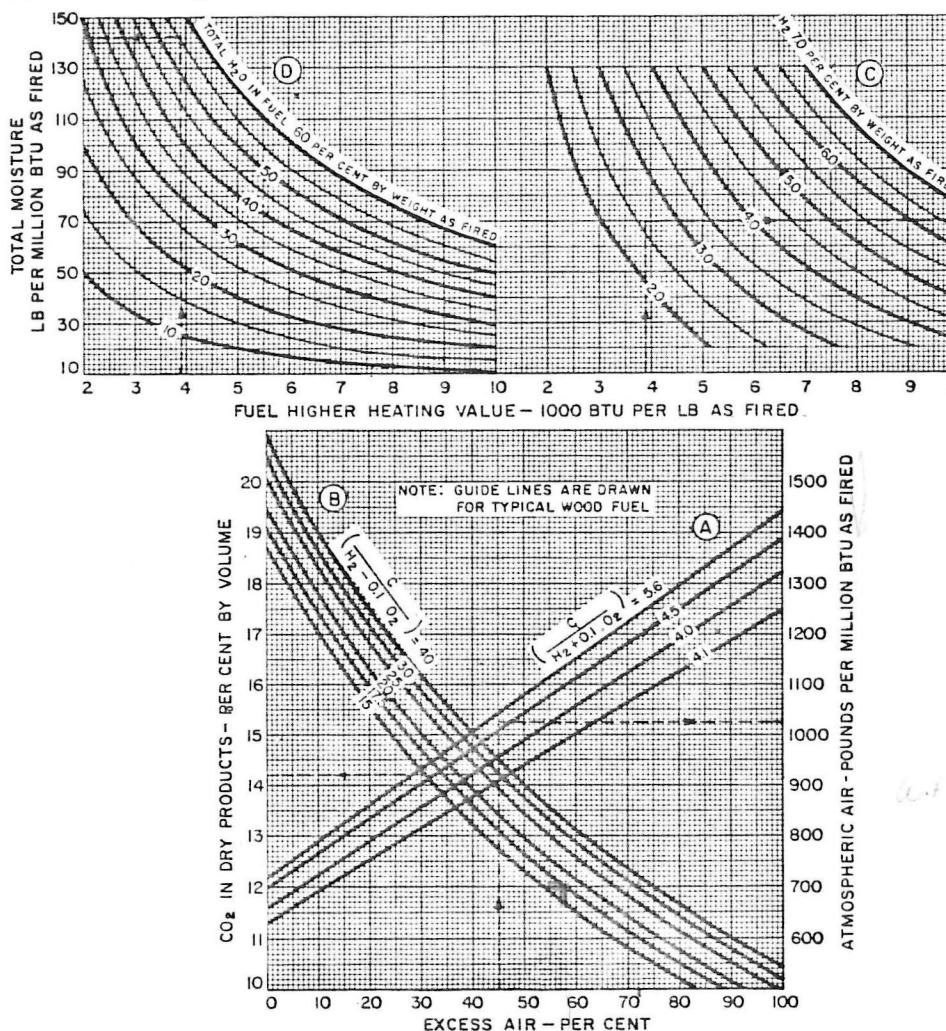


Figure A-1. Chart for wood and bagasse.

A - 1

58% Excess Air.

203-688-1911

Pine (bd b)

Carbon 52%
Hydrogen 7%
Oxygen 40

$\frac{C}{H_2 + 0.1O_2} = 17.33$

at. Lenk

X 5553

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